ABSTRACT

A method and apparatus for network server recovery maintains an ongoing call

5   by reconstructing its call context from a server-state attribute (SSA) that is generated by

a first server, recorded in separate storage and retrieved by a second server in the event

that a connection to the first server is interrupted. The SSA encodes call data that can

be used to enable a server to maintain the call. The separate storage is preferably

associated with a network access server (NAS) that does not itself use the SSA.

10